

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU)
No. 2015/830 – United Kingdom (UK) and Australian Requirements

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Urethane Reducer

1 – IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY UNDERTAKING

PRODUCT NAME: **Urethane Reducer**
PRODUCT NUMBER: UE-820
SUPPLIER: Poly-Fiber, Inc.
P.O. Box 3129, Riverside, CA 92519, USA
4343 Fort Drive, Riverside, CA 92509, USA
(951) 684-4280
(951) 809-7144
(760) 782-1947
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: (800) 424-9300 (Chemtrec- US)
(703) 527-3887 (International – Call Collect)

2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Hazard Category

Flammable liquid- Category 2
Eye Irritation - Category 2A
Skin Irritation- Category 2
Respiratory Irritation- Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3, Central Nervous System H336

Label Elements

Pictograms



Signal Word

DANGER

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable. Irritating to eyes and skin
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation
Possible risk of harm to the unborn child
Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Response

INHALATION:

Move the victim to a fresh air place immediately. Get medical attention if discomforts persist.

INGESTION:

Rinse mouth with clean water immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. If vomiting occurs, keep the victim's head low so that vomits from the stomach will not enter the lungs.

SKIN CONTACT:

Remove contaminated clothing and flush the affected skin areas with clean water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if discomforts persist.

EYES CONTACT:

Make sure all contact lenses are removed before flushing the eyes with eye lids open with clean water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated Place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store in a locked cabinet, cage or room.

Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

CLASSIFICATION (1999/45) XI, XN, F, R11, R20/21, R36/37, R36/38, R66, R67

This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

3 – COMPOSITION /INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Name	EC No.	CAS No.	Content %	Classification (67/548/EEC)
Methyl Amyl Ketone	203-767-1	110-43-0	20-30%	R10, R22, S23
Ethyl Acetate	205-500-4	141-78-6	20-30%	XI, F, R11, R36, R66, R67, S16, S26, S33
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	201-159-0	78-93-3	10-20%	XI, F, R11, R36/37, S9, S16, S25, S33
Diisobutyl Ketone	203-620-1	108-83-8	10-20%	R10,R36/37,S26,H226,H318,H335, P261,P280,P305 + P351 + P338
Xylene	215-535-7	1330-20-7	0-10%	XN, R10, R20/21, R36/38, S25
Ethyl Benzene	202-849-4	100-41-4	0-10%	XN, R10, R20/21, R36/38, S25
N-BUTYL ACETATE	204-658-1	123-86-4	0-10%	R10, R66, R67, S25
1-Methoxy- 2-Propyl Acetate	203-603-9	108-65-6	0-10%	XI, R10, R36, S16, S25, S36/37/39

The Full Text for all R-Phrases, S-Phrases, H-Statements, and P-Statements is displayed in Section 15

COMPOSITION COMMENTS

The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

4- FIRST AID MEASURES**WARNING:**

As with all catalyzed polyurethanes, a fresh-air supplied spray mask is mandatory. Charcoal masks will not protect from polyisocyanates in the spray mist.

NOTICE:

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

INHALATION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

Breathing vapor may irritate the nose and throat. Central nervous system effects including excitation, euphoria, contracted eye pupil, dizziness, blurred vision, fatigue, nausea, headache, loss of consciousness, respiratory arrest and sudden death could occur on long term and/or high concentration exposures to vapors.

SKIN AND EYE CONTACT HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: Contact with the skin or eyes may cause irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact can cause moderate irritation, defatting and/or dermatitis. Skin and eyes should be flushed with water for at least 15 minutes.

INGESTION HEALTH RISK AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

Preexisting eye, skin, heart, central nervous system and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC):

Overexposure may cause anesthesia, headache, nausea or dizziness. Breathing the vapors may irritate the nose and throat. Detectable amounts of chemicals or substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm may be found in this product. Use care when handling chemical and petroleum products even though they are water reducible.

CARCINOGENICITY: NTP CARCINOGEN: N/A IARC MONOGRAPHS: N/A OSHA REGULATED: N/A

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE TO THIS PRODUCT:

Preexisting eye, skin, heart, central nervous system and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Remove victim to fresh air and restore breathing if required. Call a physician if required. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration. Keep person warm. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs.

5- FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:**

CO₂, Dry Chemical, Water Fog

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Do not use a direct stream of water. Product may float and can be reignited on the surface of the water. Do not enter a confined area without full bunker gear including a positive-pressure NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Decomposition products may form toxic materials.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because residue or product can ignite explosively. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by pilot lights, flames and other ignition sources at locations distant from the material handling point. Flammable material

6-ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:**

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must immediately be alerted to Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory authority.

SPILL CLEANUP METHODS:

Keep combustibles away from spilled material. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, open flames, and smoking. Ventilate. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand, or earth and place into containers for disposal.

7-HANDLING AND STORAGE**USAGE PRECAUTIONS:**

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames. Avoid spilling, skin and eyes contact. Use with adequate ventilation and avoid excessive exposure to solvent vapors. Use approved respirator if air contamination exceeds the accepted level.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS:

FLAMMABLE/Combustible. Keep away from oxidizers, open flames and other ignition sources. Keep unused contents in original container and tightly closed lids. Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place and at an ambient Temperature not to exceeding above 120° F.

STORAGE CLASS:

FLAMMABLE liquid storage.

8-EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Name	Workplace Exposure Limits	Remarks
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ACGIH: 200 ppm TWA; 300 ppm STEL NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m ³ TWA 3000 ppm IDLH ; OSHA-Final PELs: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m ³ TWA	Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits
Diisobutyl Ketone	ACGIH: 25ppm TWA NIOSH: 25ppm TWA OSHA-Final PELs: 50ppm TWA	Same As Above
Methyl Amyl Ketone	ACGIH: 50ppm TWA NIOSH: 100ppm TWA; 465 mg/m ³ TWA OSHA-Final PELs: 100ppm TWA; 465 mg/m ³ TWA	Same As Above

Ethyl Acetate	ACGIH: 400 ppm TWA NIOSH: 400 ppm TWA; 1400 mg/m ³ TWA 2000 ppm IDLH OSHA-Final PELs: 400 ppm TWA; 1400 mg/m ³ TWA	Same As Above
Xylene	ACGIH: 100 ppm TWA; 150 ppm STEL NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m ³ TWA 900 ppm IDLH OSHA-Final PELs: 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m ³ TWA	Same As Above
Ethyl Benzene	ACGIH: 100 ppm TWA; 125 ppm STEL NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m ³ TWA 800 ppm IDLH OSHA-Final PELs: 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m ³ TWA	Same As Above
N-BUTYL ACETATE	ACGIH: 150 ppm TWA; 200 ppm STEL NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m ³ TWA 1700 ppm IDLH OSHA-Final PELs: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m ³ TWA	Same As Above
1-Methoxy- 2-Propyl Acetate	ACGIH: Not Listed NIOSH: Not Listed OSHA-Final PELs: Not Listed	Same As Above

**PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENTS:****PROCESS CONDITIONS:****ENGINEERING MEASURES:****RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT:****HANDPROTECTION:****EYE PROTECTION:****OTHER PROTECTION:****HYGIENE MEASURES:**

Provide eyewash station.

Provide adequate ventilation. Fully equipped spray booth is recommended to ensure the workers legal exposure limits are not exceeded.

Wear respirator with appropriate cartridge for organic solvents and chemicals.

Wear approved gloves such as Neoprene, Nitrile or Rubber types.

Wear splash-proof goggles.

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possible skin contact.

DO NOT SMOKE IN THE WORK AREA. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, drinking or smoking. Promptly remove contaminated clothing.

9- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE:	Liquid
COLOR:	Clear
ODOR:	Ketone characteristics
BOILING POINT:	168-343 ° F
RELATIVE DENSITY:	0.84 g/mL
VAPOR DENSITY:	Heavier than air
FLASH POINT:	65 °F (18 ° C) (Closed Cup)
FLAMMABILITY LIMITS:	LOWER:NA UPPER: NA
SOLUBILITY VALUE (g/100g H ₂ O @ 20°C):	Insoluble
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC):	842 g/L

10- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**STABILITY:**

Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Heat and fires. Ignition sources.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID):

Strong alkalis or strong oxidizers. This material may dissolve some plastics, rubber compounds or coatings. May react strongly with acids while in liquid form.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS: Hydrogen chloride and very small amounts of phosgene and chlorine.**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:** N/A

11-TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS# 78-93-3): LD50/rabbit/skin/draize test = 500mg/24H Moderate; LC50/mouse/inhalation = 32mg/m³/4H; Carcinogenicity: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP or OSHA.

Diisobutyl Ketone (CAS#108-83-8) : LD50/rat/oral =>3200mg/kg, LC50/rat/inhalation = 1979ppm /6H, LD50/guinea pig/dermal >20ml/kg, Skin Irritation (guinea pig) = none, Eye Irritation (rabbit, unwashed eyes) = slight, Eye Irritation (rabbit, washed eyes) = slight, Skin Sensitization: (guinea pig= none) Carcinogenicity: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, or NTP.

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS#110-43-0): LD50/rabbit/dermal = 12.6mL/kg; LD50/rat/oral = 1600mg/kg; Carcinogenicity: Not listed by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

Ethyl Acetate (CAS# 141-78-6): LD50/LC50: Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 45 gm/m³/2H; Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 200 gm/m³; Oral, mouse: LD50 = 4100 mg/kg; Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 4935 mg/kg; Oral, rat: LD50 = 5620 mg/kg; Skin, rabbit: LD50 = >20 mL/kg; Carcinogenicity: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65. Epidemiology: No information available. Teratogenicity: No information available. Reproductive Effects: No information available. Mutagenicity: Cytogenetic Analysis: hamster fibroblast 9g/L Sex Chromosome Loss/Non-disjunction: *S. cerevisiae* 24400 ppm. Neurotoxicity: No information available.

Xylene (CAS#1330-20-7): LD50/LC50: Draize test, rabbit, eye: 87 mg Mild; Draize test, rabbit, eye: 5 mg/24H Severe; Draize test, rabbit, skin: 100% Moderate; Draize test, rabbit, skin: 500 mg/24H Moderate; Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 5000 ppm/4H; Oral, mouse: LD50 = 2119 mg/kg; Oral, rat: LD50 = 4300 mg/kg; Skin, rabbit: LD50 = >1700 mg/kg; Carcinogenicity: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65. Epidemiology: 175 workers were exposed to 21 ppm of xylene for 7 years. Subjective symptoms such as anxiety, forgetfulness, inability to concentrate and dizziness were reported. Xylenes accounted for >70% of the total exposure. Liver & kidney effects were not reported. Teratogenicity: No increased incidence of birth defects was reported in a study of lab workers exposed to xylene during early pregnancy. Exposure to other solvents and chemicals also occurred. An increased incidence of spontaneous abortions was reported. Animal information suggests that xylene is not teratogenic or embryotoxic at exposure levels that are not harmful to the mother. Reproductive Effects: An increase in menstrual disorders has been reported in women exposed to organic solvents such as benzene, toluene, and xylenes. It is not possible to attribute these effects to xylenes in particular. Mutagenicity: Xylene does not appear to be a mutagen. Neurotoxicity: Xylene may be ototoxic (damages hearing or enhances sensitivity to noise) in chronic occupational exposures, probably from a neurotoxic mechanism

Ethyl Benzene (CAS#100-41-4). Acute Dermal LD50 Rabbit: 17800 mg/kg, Acute Oral LD50 Rat: 3500 mg/kg. Carcinogenicity: ACGIH- A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. IARC Monographs: 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation. Epidemiology: No epidemiological data is available for this product. Mutagenicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. Neurological effects: High vapor/aerosol concentrations (attainable only at elevated temperatures) may cause central nervous system effects such as dizziness, drowsiness or headaches. Central and/or peripheral nervous system damage. Reproductive effects Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction. Teratogenicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% may cause birth defects.

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS#123-86-4): LD50/rabbit/oral = 7.4 g/kg. LD50/LC50: Draize test, rabbit, eye: 100 mg Moderate; Draize test, rabbit, skin: 500 mg/24H Moderate; Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 6 gm/m³/2H; Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 390 ppm/4H; Oral, mouse: LD50 = 6 gm/kg; Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 3200 mg/kg; Oral, rat: LD50 = 10768 mg/kg; Skin, rabbit: LD50 = >17600 mg/kg; Carcinogenicity: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65. Epidemiology: No information found. Teratogenicity: Exposure to n-butyl acetate vapors throughout gestation did not cause significant teratogenicity in rabbits, rats, or mice. Reproductive Effects: No information found. Mutagenicity: No information found Neurotoxicity: No information found

1-Methoxy- 2-Propyl Acetate (CAS#108-65-6): Acute toxicity: Oral LD50: LD50 Oral - rat - 8,532 mg/kg Inhalation LC50: no data available. Dermal LD50: LD50 Dermal - rabbit - > 5,000 mg/kg. Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin - rabbit - No skin irritation. Serious eye damage/eye irritation : no data available. Respiratory or skin sensitization: Maximization Test - guinea pig - Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals. Germ cell mutagenicity: no data available. Carcinogenicity: IARC: No possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. ACGIH: Not identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH. NTP: Not identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. OSHA: Not identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA. Reproductive toxicity : no data available. Teratogenicity: no data available. Aspiration hazard: no data available. Potential health effects: Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed Skin: May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation. Eyes: May cause eye irritation. Synergistic effects : no data available

12- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS#78-93-3): Ecotoxicity : Fish/Fathead Minnow/LC50 = 3220mg/l; Environmental : Substance evaporates in water with T1/2=3D (rivers) to 12D (lakes); Physical : Substance photo degrades in air with T1/2=2.3 days.

Diisobutyl Ketone (CAS#108-83-8): Oxygen Demand Data: BOD-5: 170 mg/g, ThBOD: 2,920 mg/g; Acute Aquatic Effects Data: 96 h LC-50 (fathead minnow): >100 microliter(s)/l, 96 h LC-50 (daphnid): >100 microliter(s)/l. This product can not accumulate in living tissue, this product is readily and rapidly biodegradable in the presence of oxygen; biodegradation of 39% & 88% in 10 & 20 days; half life in air is estimated at 22 hours Ecotoxicity: Fish, Shrimp: 65 ppm/ 24 hr.

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS#110-43-0): Ecotoxicity: No data available.

Ethyl Acetate (CAS# 141-78-6): Ecotoxicity: Fish: Fathead Minnow: 230mg/L; 96H; Daphnid LC50=2500 mg/L/96H Golden orfe LC50=270 mg/L/48H. Environmental: Terrestrial: Expected to have high mobility in soil. Volatilization of ethyl acetate from moist soil surfaces is expected to be important. Aquatic: Not expected to adsorb to suspended solids and sediment in water. Atmospheric: Expected to exist solely as a vapor in the ambient atmosphere. Vapor-phase ethyl acetate is degraded in the atmosphere by reaction with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals; the half-life for this reaction in air is estimated to be 10 days. Physical: Substance biodegrades at a high rate with little bioconcentration.

Xylene (CAS# 1330-20-7): Ecotoxicity: Fish: Rainbow trout: LC50 = 13.5 mg/L; 96 Hr; Unspecified Fish: Goldfish: LD50 = 13 mg/L;

24 Hr; Unspecified Fish: Fathead Minnow: LC50 = 46 mg/L; 1 Hr; Static bioassay Acute and long-term toxicity to fish and invertebrates: LD50 for goldfish is 13 mg/L/24 Hr. Cas#1330-20-7: LC50(96Hr.) rainbow trout = 8.05 mg/L, Static condition; LC50(96Hr.) fathead minnow = 16.1 mg/L, flow-through conditions; LC50(96Hr.) bluegill = 16.1 mg/L, flow-through; EC50 (48 Hr.) water flea = 3.82 mg/L, flow-through conditions; EC50(24 Hr.) photobacterium phosphoreum = 0.0084 mg/L, Microtox test. Environmental: In air, xylenes degrade by reacting with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals. In soil it will volatilize and leach into groundwater. Little bioconcentration is expected.

Physical: ATMOSPHERIC FATE: According to a model of gas/particle partitioning of semi volatile organic compounds in the atmosphere, xylene, which has an experimental vapor pressure of 7.99 mm Hg at 25 deg C, will exist solely as a vapor in the ambient atmosphere. Vapor-phase xylene is degraded in the atmosphere by reaction with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals; the atmospheric lifetime of xylene is about 14-26 hours. Ambient levels of xylene are detected in the atmosphere due to large emissions of this compound.

Ethyl Benzene (CAS#100-41-4): EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna): 1.37 mg/l 48.00 hours. LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 4.2 mg/l 96.00 hours. Ecotoxicity: Toxic to aquatic life. Environmental effects: Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product. An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

N-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS#123-86-4): Ecotoxicity: Fish: Fathead Minnow: LC50 = 18.0 mg/L; 96 Hr.; Unspecified Fish: Bluegill/Sunfish: LC50 = 100.0 mg/L; 96 Hr.; Static condition Water flea EC50 = 44.0 mg/L; 48 Hr.; 23 degrees CA Algae: LC50 = 320.0 mg/L; 96 Hr.; Unspecified Bacteria: Phytobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 3100.0-130 mg/L; 5, 15 minutes; Microtox test, 15 degrees C Daphnia: Daphnia: 44-205 mg/l; 96 H; LC50 No data available. Environmental: Based on estimated Koc values of 34 and 233, n-butyl acetate may be subject to moderate-to-high leaching. Volatilization from dry soil surfaces is likely to be rapid. n-Butyl acetate may be susceptible to significant biodegradation in natural water. Physical: n-Butyl acetate will exist almost entirely in the vapor-phase in the ambient atmosphere due to its relatively high vapor pressure. The half-life for the vapor-phase reaction of n-butyl acetate with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals has been estimated to be about 6 days in an average atmosphere indicating that this reaction will be the dominant removal mechanism. Other: ThOD: 2.207 g oxygen/gBOD-5: 1.020 g oxygen/gBOD-20: 1.45 g oxygen/g

1-Methoxy- 2-Propyl Acetate (CAS#108-65-6): Toxicity: Mortality LC50/- Salmo gairdneri = 100 - 180 mg/l -96 h; Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates. Immobilization EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) > 500 mg/l - 48 h. Persistence and degradability: Readily biodegradable. Bioaccumulative potential: no data available. Mobility in soil: no data available. PBT and vPvB assessment: no data available. Other adverse effects: Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) : 0.36 mg/l, Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) : 1.74 mg/g. An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Harmful to aquatic life.

13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Hazardous wastes should be sent to a RCRA approved incinerator or disposed of in a RCRA approved waste facility. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

I certify that all chemicals in this shipment comply with all applicable rules or orders under TSCA and that I am not offering a chemical substance for entry in violation of TSCA or any applicable rule or order under TSCA.

14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 – United Kingdom (UK) and Australian Requirements

DOT / ADR / RID Classification:

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 3
UN/UA NUMBER: UN1263
PACKING GROUP: II

IMDG and ADN Classification:

IMDG PROPER SHIPPING NAME: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IMDG UN CLASS: 3
IMDG UN NUMBER: 1263
IMDG PACKING GROUP: II
IMDG LABEL: FLAMMABLE LIQUID
IMDG VESSEL STOWAGE: B

Air shipping this product is not advised and if done must be handled by a certified carrier according to IATA rules.

**GHS LABEL:****DANGER**

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR HARMFUL. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED AND ENTERS AIRWAYS.

Refer to SDS for additional information on safe handling / use. - Keep out of reach of children. For Industrial Use Only.

Contains: Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (20-30%), Ethyl Acetate (20-30%), Methyl Ethyl Ketone (10-20%), Diisobutyl Ketone (10-20%), Xylene (0-10%), Ethyl benzene (0-10%), n-Butyl Acetate (0-10%), and 1-Methoxy- 2-Propyl Acetate (0-10%). This product contains one or more chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and/or other reproductive harm.

Hazards: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: Inhalation - neuropsychological effects, auditory dysfunction and effects on color vision. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statement(s): Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

First Aid: Inhalation - Move person to fresh air. If symptoms occur obtain medical attention. **Skin Contact** - Wash affected skin with soap and water. If symptoms occur obtain medical attention. **Eye Contact** - If substance has got into the eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If symptoms occur obtain medical attention. **Ingestion** - Do not induce vomiting. Drink one glass of water. If symptoms occur obtain medical attention.

15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazards: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: Inhalation - neuropsychological effects, auditory dysfunction and effects on color vision. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statement(s): Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

CODES:



XN and XI



F

- XN and XI=harmful

- F=highly flammable

R-Phrases:

R10: Flammable
R11: Highly flammable
R20/21: Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin
R22: Harmful if swallowed
R36: Irritating to eyes
R36/37: Irritating to eyes and respiratory system
R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin
R66: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
R67: Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness

S-Phrases:

S9: Keep container in a well-ventilated place
S16: Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking
S25: Avoid contact with eyes
S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice
S33: Take precautionary measures against static discharges
S36/37/39: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection

H-Statements:

H226: Flammable liquid and vapor
H318: Causes serious eye damage
H335: May cause respiratory irritation

P-Statements:

P261: Avoid breathing vapors
P280: Wear protective gloves/eyes protection/face protection
P305+P351+P338: If In Eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

16- DISCLAIMER

Above information is based on data supplied to us and is believed to be correct. Since the information contained herein may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since the data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modifications of the information, we do not assume responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon the condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose. It is the user's obligation to determine the safe use of it.