SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020 Version : 3



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

Product code : CA7521

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings S.A. 7, Allée de la Plaine Gonfreville l'Orcher 76700 HARFLEUR France

+33 (0)2 3553 5400

PPG Industries (UK) Ltd 3 Darlington Road Shildon Co Durham DL4 2QP England +44 (0) 1388 772 541

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: AeroPSreachEMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

+33 (0)2 3553 5400

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 1/17

: CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020 Code

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

mam. Lig. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eve irritation.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.

> Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash

thoroughly after handling.

: Collect spillage. Response **Storage** : Not applicable. **Disposal** : Not applicable.

280, P210, P273, P261, P264, P391

Hazardous ingredients : epoxy resin (MW \leq 700)

p-tert-butylphenyl 1-(2,3-epoxy)propyl ether

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture. placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

: Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

United Kingdom (UK) 2/17 English (GB)

Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

			<u>Classification</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥5.0 - ≤8.8	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
p-tert-butylphenyl 1-(2,3-epoxy) propyl ether	EC: 221-453-2 CAS: 3101-60-8	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

: CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020 Code

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

> may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering

redness

: No specific data. Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large Notes to physician

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

media

Inhalation

Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet.

media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 4/17 Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

United Kingdom (UK) English (GB) 5/17 Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 6/17

Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020
Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 548 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 274 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 274 flight 6 flours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018).
	STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
acetone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018).
	STEL: 3620 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1210 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation	12.25 mg/m³ 12.25 mg/m³	Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.33 mg/kg bw/	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.33 mg/kg bw/ day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.571 mg/kg bw/ day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.571 mg/kg bw/ day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/kg bw/ day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.75 mg/kg bw/ day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.67 mg/kg bw/ day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 7/17

Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

				population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	54.8 mg/kg bw/	General	Systemic
			day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	153.5 mg/kg bw/	Workers	Systemic
			day		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
,	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
usotono	DIVEL	Long torm oral	02 mg/kg bw/day	population	Cycloniic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term Berman	02 mg/kg bw/day	population	Cysterino
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DIVEL	Long torm imalation	200 mg/m	population	Cycloniic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1210 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2420 mg/m³	Workers	Local
p-tert-butylphenyl 1-(2,3-epoxy)propyl	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
ether	DIVLL	Chort term Berman	0.0 mg/kg bw/day	population	Cysternio
Culci	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term berman	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	population	Cysternic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	5.6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	11.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DIVLL	Long term imalation	1 1.7 mg/m	population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	11.7 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DIVLE	Long torm imagation		population	Cyotonno
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	19.6 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	19.6 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	19.6 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	19.6 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLE	Long term initialation	13.0 1119/111	AAOIVEIS	Cysternic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	Fresh water	0.006 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.001 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	0.996 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	0.1 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	Fresh water	0.635 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.0635 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	3.29 mg/kg	-
	-	Marine water sediment	0.329 mg/kg	-
	-	Soil	0.29 mg/kg	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	-
n-butyl acetate	-	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
•	-	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	-	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l	-
	-	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg	-

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 8/17

Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020
Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

-	Fresh water	10.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
-	Marine water	1.06 mg/l	Assessment Factors
-	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Plant		
-	Fresh water sediment	30.4 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
-	Marine water sediment	3.04 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
-	Soil	29.5 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	- - - -	 Marine water Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine water sediment 	- Marine water 1.06 mg/l - Sewage Treatment 100 mg/l - Plant - Fresh water sediment 30.4 mg/kg dwt - Marine water sediment 3.04 mg/kg dwt

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

- : Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166.
- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves

: butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection :

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 9/17

Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Vse with adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Mask type: fullface mask half-face mask Filter type: organic vapour filter (Type A) particulate filter P3 Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

: Liquid. Physical state

Colour : Not available. : Not available. Odour **Odour threshold** Not available.

pH : insoluble in water.

: May start to solidify at the following temperature: -39°C (-38.2°F) This is based Melting point/freezing point

on data for the following ingredient: p-tert-butylphenyl 1-(2,3-epoxy)propyl ether.

Weighted average: -78.16°C (-108.7°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C

Flash point : Closed cup: -5°C

Highest known value: 6.06 (acetone) Weighted average: 3.25compared with **Evaporation rate**

butyl acetate

: liquid

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 2.2% Upper: 13% (acetone)

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 24 kPa (180 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (acetone). Weighted

average: 6.27 kPa (47.03 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

: Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Vapour density

Weighted average: 3.64 (Air = 1)

Relative density 1.6

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

water

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature : Lowest known value: 333°C (631.4°F) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

: Kinematic (40°C): >0.21 cm²/s **Viscosity**

Viscosity : < 30 s (ISO 6mm)

The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties**

vapour or dust with air is possible.

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard. **Oxidising properties**

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

10/17 **United Kingdom (UK)** English (GB)

Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	_
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	76000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Not available.	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	-	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 11/17

Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
p-butyl acetate acetone	Category 3 Category 3		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 12/17

Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ppoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 161 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
n-butyl acetate acetone	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 5540 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	OECD 301F	5 % - 28 days	-	-
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
acetone	-	90.9 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	-	Not readily
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
acetone	-	-	Readily

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 13/17

Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	3	31	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.56	-	low
n-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low
acetone	-0.24	3	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 04	metallic packaging

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK)	14/17

Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700), p-tert-butylphenyl 1-(2,3-epoxy)propylether)	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L

or ≤5 kg.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

ADN : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L

or ≤5 kg.

IMDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for

user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 15/17

Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

E2

15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Fam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK)	16/17
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Code : CA7521 Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 June 2020

Desoprime Chrome Free Epoxy Primer

SECTION 16: Other information

Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
	Category 3

History

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Prepared by : EHS Version : 3

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 17/17