SAFETY DATA SHEET

E90G203

Section 1. Identification

Product name : MIL-PRF-23377K Type I, Class C2 Chromated Epoxy Polyamide Primer, Yellow

Product code : E90G203

Other means of : Not available.
Identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone : US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 number of the company Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00

Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Product Information : US / Canada: 1-844-290-6044
Telephone Number Mexico: Not Available

Regulatory Information Telephone Number

: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902

Mexico: Not Available

Transportation Emergency
Telephone Number

: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917

Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 1.6%

(oral), 44.1% (demal), 1.6% (inhalation)

GHS label elements

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E90G203 MIL-PRF-23377K Type I, Class C2 Chromated Epoxy

Polyamide Primer, Yellow

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GHS label elements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms









Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

Fatal if inhaled.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep

Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Contains Formaldehyde - a potential cancer hazard. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

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Polyamide Primer, Yellow

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of Identification : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Ingredient name Strontium Chromate Acetone Methyl n-Amyl Ketone Titanium Dioxide Amorphous Precipitated Silica 1-Butanol Xylene, mixed isomers Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with tetraethylenepentamine Barium Chromate Triethylene Tetramine	≥25 - ≤50 ≥10 - ≤25 ≥10 - ≤23 ≤10 ≤5 <3 <1 <1 <1	7789-06-2 67-64-1 110-43-0 13463-67-7 112926-00-8 71-36-3 1330-20-7 68953-36-6 10294-40-3 112-24-3
Ethylbenzene Formaldehyde (max.)	≤0.3 <0.1	100-41-4 50-00-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eve contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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Polyamide Primer, Yellow

Section 4. First aid measures

Most Important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eve contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Fatal if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed. If necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-alders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological Information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsultable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Remark

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Flammable liquid.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the

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Polyamide Primer, Yellow

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Contains a formaldehyde-based resin which, under certain conditions of use, may release formaldehyde. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating. drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
Strontium Chromate	7789-06-2	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 0.0005 mg/m³, (measured as Cr) 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). [Chromic acid and chromates] CEIL: 1 mg/10m³ NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [chromic acid and chromates] TWA: 0.0002 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Chromium (VI) compounds] TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours.
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).

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Section of Exhosping controlled	craonar proc	
		TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
Marked of American Cohomo	110-43-0	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-400	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours.
The state of the s		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 465 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable
Amorphous Precipitated Silica	112926-00-8	fraction, finescale particles NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	74.00.0	[SILICA, AMORPHOUS] TWA: 6 mg/m³ 10 hours.
1-Butanol	71-36-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
la de la decembra de		Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm
		CEIL: 150 mg/m³
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-Isomers)]
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-
		xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene
		Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with tetraethylenepentamine	68953-36-6	None.
Barium Chromate	10294-40-3	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). [Chromic acid and chromates]
		CEIL: 1 mg/10m ³ NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		[chromic acid and chromates]
		TWA: 0.0002 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		[inorganic chromium VI compounds as Cr
	1	(VI)] TWA: 0.0002 mg/m³, (measured as Cr) 8
		hours. Form: Inhalable fraction STEL: 0.0005 mg/m³, (measured as Cr) 15
		minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		[Chromlum (VI) compounds] TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours.
		200 Marsian 195 7/99

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I to the day of Takananahan	112-24-3	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022).
Triethylene Tetramine	112-24-0	Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Ototoxicant.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Formaldehyde (max.)	50-00-0	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
		TWA: 0.75 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 0.016 ppm 10 hours.
		CEIL: 0.1 ppm 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 0.75 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Skin
		sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
		STEL: 0.3 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
Strontium chromate	7789-06-2	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 0.0005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 0.0005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 0.0005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 0.0015 mg/m³, (measured as Cr) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.0005 mg/m³, (measured as Cr) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. Notes: No British Columbia exposure limit at this time TWA: 0.0005 mg/m³, (as Cr, Total) 8 hours.
acetone	67-64-1	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.

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Section 8. Exposure control	s/personal	protection
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Methyl n-amyl ketone	Controls/pers	110-43-0	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 115 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Normal butyl alcohol		71-36-3	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 60 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. C: 30 ppm CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene		1330-20-7	STEV: 152 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)] 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
ata of issue/Date of revision	: 9/13/2023	vious issue	[Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. : 6/30/2023

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protect	Section	8. Exposure	controls/	personal	protection
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Section of Exhospine country	is/personal proc	
		STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-Isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-Isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Barium chromate	10294-40-3	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [hexavalent chromium compounds inhalable. for water-soluble only] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. Notes: No British Columbia exposure limit at this time
		CA Alberta Provinciai (Canada, 6/2018). [Insoluble Cr VI compounds as Cr] 8 hrs OEL: 0.01 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [hexavalent chromium compounds - Insoluble as Cr(VI), Total] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.01 mg/m³, (as Cr(VI), Total) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Chromium VI, water insoluble inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer. inhalation sensitizer. TWAEV: 0.01 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Chromium and Inorganic compounds, Insoluble Cr VI compounds as Cr] TWA: 0.01 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Chromium (VI) Insoluble Inorganic compounds as Cr] STEL: 0.03 mg/m³, (measured as Cr) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.01 mg/m³, (measured as Cr) 8 hours.
Triethylenetetramine	112-24-3	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
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7/2013).
STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TVVA. 100 ppint o floats.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS#	Exposure limits
Strontium Chromate	7789-06-2	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 0.0005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours.
Acetone	67-64-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1-Butanol	71-36-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin.
Barium Chromate	10294-40-3	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Chromium compounds of Cr VI insoluble] TWA: 0.01 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices (United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure Indices
Acetone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 25 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure Indices	
Strontium Chromate	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [chromium(VI) compounds] BEI: 10 µg/I, total chrome [in urine]. Form: fume. Sampling time: increases during the work shift. BEI: 25 µg/I, total chrome [in urine]. Form: fume. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.	
Acetone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM-	

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047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health-Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012)

BEI: 50 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work

Barium Chromate

Official Mexican STANDARD NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health-Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [chromium(VI) compounds1

BEI: 10 µg/l, total chrome [in urine]. Form: fume. Sampling time: increases during the

BEI: 25 µg/l, total chrome [in urine]. Form: fume. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eve/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

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Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

: Liquid. Physical state

: Not available. Color : Not available. Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold** : Not applicable. ВH Melting point/freezing point : Not available. : 55°C (131°F) Bolling point, initial boiling

point, and boiling range

: Closed cup: -6°C (21.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] Flash point

: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1) **Evaporation rate** : Flammable liquid. Flammability : Lower: 1.1%

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

Upper: 12.8%

: 24 kPa (180 mm Hg) Vapor pressure

: 2 [Air = 1] Relative vapor density 1.53 Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

: Not applicable.

octanol/water

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature** Decomposition temperature : Not available.

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt) Viscosity

: Not applicable. Molecular weight Heat of combustion : 9.947 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

: The product is stable. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Strontium Chromate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3118 mg/kg	-
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
1-Batanoi	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
Aylerie, mixed idomors	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Triethylene Tetramine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	805 mg/kg	-
The Tylerie Tellamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	2500 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
Littyidenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Formaldehyde (max.)	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	250 ppm	4 hours
Official Genyado (Illax.)	LD50 Demal	Rabbit	270 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
70010110	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	l-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eves - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	OKIII IIIIG IIIIG	1.000		mg	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
Men ly 11-Amy Retorie	Ordin American			mg	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
I tallidili Dioxide	Okan initiani			ug I	
1-Butanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
I-Butario	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
	2,00 001010 11110111			mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
	OKIII - MOGOTOLO III LAITE	11.2.2		mg	
Videna miyad igamara	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	l <u>-</u>	87 mg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	l_	24 hours 5	-
	Lyes - Cevere unitalit	11435.1	- 1	mg	(1
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	l_	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500	_
	Skiii - Modelate iiiitaiit	TABOUT.		mg	

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Triethylene Tetramine	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
Thousand towards				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	49 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	490 mg	-
1	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 5	-
	DIAM DOVOID MILE			mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	-
Euryiberizerie	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 15	-
	SKIII - WING II I I I I I	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		mg	
Farm aldebude (mov.)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	_	6 minutes 1	_
Formaldehyde (max.)	Lyes - Wille III Karit	1141114		ppm	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 750	_
	Lyes - Severe in italit	1 tabon		ug	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	750 ug	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	_	72 hours 150	
	Skin - Mild Irriarit	liulian	Ī	ug l	
	Claim Adilal invitant	Rabbit	_	540 mg	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 50	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rappit	Ī		
	Oldin Oncome impitant	Llumon		mg 0.01 %	_
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 %	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	<u> </u>
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-		-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/Ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Strontium Chromate Titanium Dioxide Amorphous Precipitated Silica Xylene, mixed isomers Barium Chromate Ethylbenzene Formaldehyde (max.)	+ - - + -	1 2B 3 3 1 2B 1	Known to be a human carcinogen. Known to be a human carcinogen Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Strontium Chromate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
Acetone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-Butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Formaldehyde (max.)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone Methyl n-Amyl Ketone 1-Butanol Xylene, mixed isomers Barium Chromate Ethylbenzene Formaldehyde (max.)	Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2	-	- - - -

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

: Fatal if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion

: Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

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Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential Immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low

levels

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.

Teratogenicity : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral Dermal Inhalation (vapors)	1054.4 mg/kg 67484.46 mg/kg 1.16 mg/l

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Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute EC50 23.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus -	42 days
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
1-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
1-Butanoi	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales prometas	96 hours
Kylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Fairthy days Totamino	Acute LC50 33900 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Triethylene Tetramine Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
Etriyiberzerie	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Formaldehyde (max.)	Acute EC50 3.48 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.442 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3.26 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Embryo	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11.41 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.41 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Phyllospora comosa - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 3000 ppm Fresh water	Crustaceans - Astacus astacus - Egg	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 1.56 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis niloticus - Fingerling	12 weeks

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone	-	_	Readily
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

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Bioaccumulative potential

Product/Ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low

Mobility in soil

Soll/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Strontium Chromate, Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with tetraethylenepentamine
Transport	3	3	3	3	3
hazard class(es)					(L)
Packing group	II	11	II	H	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.

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Section 14. Transport information The marine The Product classified Additional pollutant mark is as per the environmentally information not required when hazardous following sections substance mark transported in of the sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 may appear if Transportation of required by other kg. Dangerous Goods transportation Emergency Regulations: schedules F-E, Sregulations. 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). ERG No. ERG No. **ERG No.** 128 128 128

Special precautions for user :

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Proper shipping name

: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists

: Australia inventory (AllC): Not determined. China Inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan Inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan Inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea Inventory (KECI): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Talwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.

Thalland Inventory: Not determined. Turkey Inventory: Not determined. Vietnam Inventory: Not determined.

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Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification	
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data	
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method	
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2	Calculation method	
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method	
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method	
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method	
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method	
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method	
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method	

History

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revision

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates Information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/13/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/30/2023 Version : 25 22/22

E90G203



Safety Data Sheet Supplemental Information

APR 09 2025

Delivery Number: 8013578720

Supplier Name:

BOEING DIST INC-DALLAS CMC CHEMICALS MANAGEMENT CENTER

COPPELL 75019 PH: 972-586-6650

Product Details: E90G203GA=3X

PRIMER: EPOXY, YEL.GL

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

MIL-PRF-23377K TYPE 1, CLASS C2 CHROMATED EPOXY POLYAMIDE PRIMER,

YELLOW

00--64----------

Product Details: V93V26QT=3X CATALYST:

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

MIL-PRF-85285E, TYPE I, CLASS H, COMPONENT B, LUSTERLESS CURING AGENT

COMPONENT B